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Key indicators

Single-crystal X-ray study T = 193 KMean $\sigma(N-C) = 0.003 \text{ Å}$ R factor = 0.023 wR factor = 0.062 Data-to-parameter ratio = 11.8

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catena-Poly[[bis(N,N-dimethylformamide- κO)nickel(II)]-di- μ -1,5-dicyanamido- κN^1 : κN^5]

In the crystal structure of the title complex, $[Ni(C_2N_3)_2]$ - $(C_3H_7NO)_2]_n$ or $[Ni(dca)_2(DMF)_2]_n$, where dca is dicyanamide and DMF is N,N-dimethylformamide, each Ni^{II} atom is sixcoordinated in a distorted octahedral coordination environment. Four N atoms from four dca ligands fill the equatorial positions, and two O atoms from two DMF ligands fill the axial The structure positions. is isostructural with $[Co(dca)_2(DMF)_2]_n$ but is not isostructural with $[Mn(dca)_2(DMF)_2]_n$. The Ni^{II} atom and the dicyanamide bridging ligand occupy special positions of symmetry 2/m and m, respectively. The structure consists of uniform neutral chains where neighbouring Ni^{II} atoms are connected through two asymmetric end-to-end dca bridges.

Comment

Dicyanamide (dca), $[N(CN)_2]^-$, complexes have been studied extensively recently because of their fascinating topologies and interesting magnetic properties (Batten *et al.*, 1998; Miller & Manson 2001; Jensen *et al.*, 2000; Riggio *et al.*, 2001). A number of nickel(II)–dca complexes have been reported (Sun, *et al.*, 2000; Wang *et al.*, 2004; Konor *et al.*, 2005). Our research interest is the construction of novel topologies of cyano complexes and studying their magnetic properties (Shen *et al.*, 2004, 2003). In the present work, we report the crystal structure of a one-dimensional chain polymer, *viz.* $[Ni(dca)_2(DMF)_2]_n$, (I).



Fig. 1 shows the local coordination about the nickel(II) centre in (I). The structure of (I) is isostructural with $[Co(dca)_2(DMF)_2]_n$ (Tong *et al.*, 2003) but is not isostructural with $[Mn(dca)_2(DMF)_2]_n$ (Batten *et al.*, 1999). The space group of $[Co(dca)_2(DMF)_2]_n$ reported by Dong *et al.* (2003)

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Figure 1

Part of the polymeric structure of (I), with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. [Symmetry codes: (i) 1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z; (ii) 1 - x, y, 1 - z; (iii) x, 1 - y, z.]



Figure 2

The packing in (I), showing the $C-H \cdots N$ hydrogen-bond interactions as dashed lines.

has been described incorrectly in C2; it should be C2/m, as reported by Tong et al. (2003). The structure of (I) consists of uniform neutral chains in which neighbouring nickel(II) atoms are connected through two asymmetric end-to-end dca bridges. The coordination geometry of the nickel(II) atom is distorted octahedral, being coordinated by four N atoms of four symmetry-related dca ligands in the equatorial plane and two O atoms of two symmetry-related DMF ligands at the axial positions. The N-Ni-N bond angles are in the range $87.84 (6)-92.16 (6)^{\circ}$, close to 90° . The four Ni-N(dca) bond lengths in (I) are all 2.0733 (11) Å, corresponding to the values reported in the dca-bridged nickel(II) complexes [Ni(apo)- $(dca)_2$ [2.043 (4)–2.096 (4) Å; apo = 2-aminopyridine Noxide; Sun et al., 2000] and [Ni(tn)₂(dca)](ClO₄) [2.095 (4) and 2.116 (4) Å; tn = trimethylenediamine; Li et al., 2002], and shorter than the Mn-N bond lengths [2.218 (2) and 2.203 (2) Å] in $[Mn(dca)_2(DMF)_2]_n$ (Batten *et al.*, 1999) and the Co-N bond lengths [2.123 (2) Å] in $[Co(dca)_2(DMF)_2]_n$ (Tong et al., 2003); this is what one would expect from the ionic radii (Ni²⁺ < Co²⁺ < Mn²⁺). The two Ni-O (DMF) bond lengths are both 2.0670 (13) Å, corresponding to the values [2.0776 (19) Å] in $[Ni(pmbp)_2(DMF)_2]$ [Hpmbp = 1-phenyl-3methyl-4-benzoyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5(4*H*)-one; Shen & Yuan 2004] and shorter than the M-O bond lengths in $[Mn(dca)_2 (DMF)_2]_n$ [Mn-O = 2.199 (2) Å] and [Co(dca)_2(DMF)_2]_n [Co-O = 2.096 (2) Å].

The dicyanamide (dca) ligand adopts an end-to-end coordination mode. Two dca ions link two nickel(II) atoms to form a 12-membered Ni(dca)₂Ni ring and neighbouring rings share the nickel(II) atoms to form a chain of $[Ni(dca)_2]_n$. The chains are linear, the Ni(dca)₂Ni rings being in a slight chair conformation.

The free dicyanamide (dca) ligand possesses $C_{2\nu}$ symmetry. The dca ligand in (I) also adopts essentially $C_{2\nu}$ symmetry, with a nitrile C=N bond length of 1.1545(18) Å for N1=C1, showing the triple-bond character. The bond angle related to the amide N atom, C1-N2-C1(x, 1-y, z), is 118.61 (16)°, corresponding to an amide N atom with an sp^2 hybrid orbital; that related to the nitrile group, N1=C1-N2, is 174.95 (13)°, corresponding to N1 and C1 with an sp hybrid orbital.

The chains propagate parallel to the crystallographic b axis, the Ni \cdot ·Ni distance along the chain being equal to the *b* axis length, 7.3166 (7) Å. The chains interdigitate such that each DMF ligand lies between two DMF ligands of an adjacent chain, with a shortest Ni ··· Ni interchain distance of 7.628 (2) Å. Adjacent chains are held together by a weak C- $H \cdots N$ hydrogen bond, forming layers parallel to the *ab* plane (Fig. 2 and Table 2).

Experimental

An aqueous solution (10 ml) of Ni(NO₃)₂·6H₂O (0.146 g, 0.5 mmol) was added to a DMF solution (10 ml) of Na[N(CN)₂] (0.090 g, 1.0 mmol). Slow evaporation of the resulting mixture led to green crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis. Analysis found: C 35.53, H 4.12, N 33.31%; calculated for C₁₀H₁₄N₈NiO₂: C 35.64, H 4.19, N 33.26%.

Crystal data	
[Ni(C ₂ N ₃) ₂ (C ₃ H ₇ NO) ₂]	$D_x = 1.535 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
$M_r = 336.98$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
Monoclinic, $C2/m$	Cell parameters from 1804
a = 13.3866 (17) Å	reflections
b = 7.3166 (7) Å	$\theta = 3.2-27.5^{\circ}$
c = 8.0595 (10) Å	$\mu = 1.35 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 112.503 \ (3)^{\circ}$	T = 193 (2) K
$V = 729.28 (15) \text{ Å}^3$	Block, green
Z = 2	$0.40 \times 0.21 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Rigaku Mercury CCD	900 independe
diffractometer	887 reflections
ω scans	$R_{\rm int} = 0.018$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$\theta_{\rm max} = 27.5^{\circ}$
(Jacobson, 1998)	$h = -17 \rightarrow 13$
$T_{\min} = 0.646, T_{\max} = 0.774$	$k = -8 \rightarrow 9$
4029 measured reflections	$l = -10 \rightarrow 10$

4029 measured reflections

independent reflections reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ = 0.018= 27.5°

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0436P)^2]$
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.023$	+ 0.3824P]
$wR(F^2) = 0.062$	where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
S = 1.03	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
900 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.15 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
76 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.47 \text{ e} \text{ \AA}^{-3}$
H atoms treated by a mixture of	
independent and constrained	
refinement	

Table 1

Selected geometric parameters (Å, °).

Ni1-O1	2.0670 (13)	N2-C1	1.3074 (15)
Ni1-N1	2.0733 (11)	N3-C2	1.319 (2)
O1-C2	1.243 (2)	N3-C3	1.448 (3)
N1-C1	1.1545 (18)	N3-C4	1.458 (3)
O1-Ni1-N1	91.61 (4)	N1-Ni1-N1 ⁱⁱⁱ	87.84 (6)
O1 ⁱ -Ni1-N1	88.39 (4)	$C1^{iv}-N2-C1$	118.61 (16)
N1-Ni1-N1 ⁱⁱ	92.16 (6)	N1-C1-N2	174.95 (13)
N1-Ni1-N1 ⁱⁱ	92.16 (6)	N1-C1-N2	174.95 (

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1; (ii) x, -y + 1, z; (iii) -x + 1, y, -z + 1; (iv) x, -y + 2, z.

Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	<i>D</i> -H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-\mathrm{H}\cdots A$
$C2-H2\cdots N2^{v}$	0.95 (1)	2.51 (1)	3.453 (2)	169 (2)
	3 3			

Symmetry code: (v) $-x + \frac{3}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, -z + 1.$

H atoms were found in a difference Fourier map and refined with bond-length restraints of C-H = 0.95 (1) Å for the methyl groups and the H···H distance restrained to 1.50 (1) Å. One of two independent H atoms lies on the mirror plane.

Data collection: CrystalClear (Rigaku, 2000); cell refinement: CrystalClear; data reduction: CrystalClear; method used to solve

structure: the coordinates of the Co structure of Tong *et al.* (2003) were used; program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Bruker, 1998); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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